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| APPLICATION NO.                | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|--------------------------------|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 09/725,906                     | 11/30/2000  | Lisa McKerracher     | 06447-003-US-02     | 9776             |
| 7590 01/21/2004                |             |                      | EXAMINER            |                  |
| BROUILLETTE KOSIE 25th Floor   |             |                      | WEGERT, SANDRA L    |                  |
| 1100 Rene-Levesque Blvd. West  |             |                      | ART UNIT            | PAPER NUMBER     |
| Montreal, QC H3B 5C9<br>CANADA |             |                      | 1647                |                  |

DATE MAILED: 01/21/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| THE                   | ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA   | TION.   |  |
|-----------------------|---|---|--|
| atter                 | nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication for reply specified above is less than thirty (20) de-                          | ation.  |  |
| - II NO               | period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) da<br>period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutor<br>re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will,            | v period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON   | THS from the mailing date of this communication            |
| - Any r               | eply received by the Office later than three months after the distribution after the distribution and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  | ne mailing date of this communication, even if t  | imely filed, may reduce any                                |
| Status                |   |   |  |
| 1)[                   | Responsive to communication(s) filed (  | on <u>22 August 2002</u> .  |  |
| 2a)□<br>—             | This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)[  |   |  |
| 3)□<br>Dispositi      | Since this application is in condition for<br>closed in accordance with the practice<br>on of Claims  | allowance except for formal mat<br>under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.[  | ters, prosecution as to the merits is D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. |
| 4) 🖂                  | Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the appl  | lication.   |  |
|                       | 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>3,6 and 8-10</u> is  | s/are withdrawn from consideration  | on.  |
| 5)                    | Claim(s) is/are allowed.  |   |  |
| 6)⊠                   | Claim(s) <u>1,2,4,5 and 7</u> is/are rejected.  |   |  |
| 7)                    | Claim(s) is/are objected to.  |   |  |
|                       | Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> are subject to restriction a   | nd/or election requirement.   |  |
|                       | on Papers   |   |  |
|                       | he specification is objected to by the Ex   |   |  |
| 10)⊠ 7                | he drawing(s) filed on <u>03 August 2001</u> is   |   |  |
| 44)[7] =              | Applicant may not request that any objection  |   |  |
| 11) 🖂 ]               | he proposed drawing correction filed on   |   | red b)☐ disapproved by the Examiner                        |
| 12)□ T                | If approved, corrected drawings are require   | •   |  |
|                       | he oath or declaration is objected to by t  | ne Examiner.  |  |
|                       | nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120   |   |  |
|                       | Acknowledgment is made of a claim for t   | oreign priority under 35 U.S.C. §   | 119(a)-(d) or (f).   |
|                       | All b) Some * c) None of:   |   |  |
|                       | 1. Certified copies of the priority docu  |   |  |
|                       | Certified copies of the priority docu   |   |  |
| 2                     |   | e priority documents have been r  | eceived in this National Stage                             |
| 2                     | application from the Internation  | nal Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  | eceived.   |
| * Se                  | application from the Internation<br>ee the attached detailed Office action for  | nal Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).<br>a list of the certified copies not r  |  |
| * Se<br>14)⊡ Ad<br>a) | application from the Internation the Internation for the attached detailed Office action for docknowledgment is made of a claim for do  | nal Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  a list of the certified copies not remestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §  ge provisional application has be | 119(e) (to a provisional application)                      |
| * Se<br>14)⊡ Ad<br>a) | application from the Internation see the attached detailed Office action for cknowledgment is made of a claim for do  The translation of the foreign language cknowledgment is made of a claim for do | nal Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  a list of the certified copies not remestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §  ge provisional application has be | 119(e) (to a provisional application)                      |

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

Please disregard the previous office action, dated 24 June 2003 as it was sent before receipt of the Applicant's response concerning Sequence Rules violations. The office action of 24 June 2003 is hereby VACATED. Applicant is relieved of the requirement to respond to the previous Office Action (24 June 2003).

### Status of Application, Amendments, and/or Claims

The Information Disclosure Statement, sent 5 April 2002 and the Supplemental Information Disclosure Statement, sent 6 December 2002, have been entered into the record. The Amendment sent 7 January 2003 has not been entered. Applicant elected Invention II (Claims 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6) in the response filed 22 August 2002. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)). Claims 4 and 7-10 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim.

Claims 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6 are under examination in the current application.

### **Informalities**

#### **Figures**

Figure 9 is objected to because it is not clear from the figure or from the specification what the components of the algorithm are, and such information is crucial to an understanding of the claimed invention. More specifically, it is not clear what is contained in each square of the diagram (e.g., they are "blank"). Corrections will be

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required in the event there are allowable claims, however the Applicant is cautioned about adding *new matter* to the Specification.

### Sequence Rules

The instant application is not fully in compliance with the sequence rules, 37 CFR 1.821-1.825, because each disclosure of a sequence embraced by the definitions set forth in the rules is not accompanied by the required reference to the relevant sequence identifier (i.e., SEQ ID NO:). This occurs throughout the disclosure, but see for examples: the nucleotide sequences listed on pages 41 and 42.

Appropriate correction is required.

### Claim Rejections/Objections

#### Claim rejections-

## 35 USC § 112, first paragraph-scope of enablement

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for an axon-elongation stimulation kit comprising C3 at tested concentrations (e.g., corresponding to a final *in situ* concentration of 25-

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50μg/ml), combined in a gel matrix with "fibrin sealant" (comprising fibrinogen concentrate, calcium chloride, thrombin and protease inhibitors), is not enabled for an axon-growth stimulation kit comprising two or more containers containing components capable of forming a therapeutically acceptable matrix. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

Claims 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6 are directed to an axon growth stimulation kit comprising a compartment or compartments for containing components capable once intermingled of forming a flowable carrier component and a second container for a therapeutically active agent for facilitating axon growth at a site of injury in vivo. The scope of the patent protection sought by the Applicant as defined by the claims fails to correlate reasonably with the scope of enabling disclosure set forth in the specification for the following reasons:

The specification is not enabled for the full scope of the claimed apparatus, wherein the apparatus comprises compartments containing components "capable once intermingled of forming a flowable carrier component and a second container with a therapeutically active agent for facilitating axon growth at a site of injury" with the assurance that the apparatus claimed can be made and used without undue experimentation and with the assurance that it would have the desired properties. There are no examples of what specific compounds would be used in the apparatus or fall within the range of those that would be included and still be useful for facilitating axon growth. Furthermore, the field of neural development is not well-established in terms of clearly defining the specific series of compounds and steps involved in causing axon

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elongation in vivo. For example, many classes of compounds, including cytoskeletal proteins, growth factors and growth-inhibiting factors are involved in *in vivo* guidance of each axon, at least during development (Zigmond, M.J., editor, 1999, Fundamental Neuroscience, Academic Press, pages 526-543). Still less is known about axon elongation after injury in adult animals, but since central nervous system axon growth is rarely seen after injury in adults, it can be assumed that there exist barriers to such growth.

The specification discloses enabled utilities for an axon-elongation stimulation kit comprising C3 at tested concentrations (e.g., corresponding to a final in situ concentration of 25-50µg/ml), combined in a gel matrix with "fibrin sealant" (comprising fibrinogen concentrate, calcium chloride, thrombin and protease inhibitors). However, the instant claims read on an apparatus with multiple compartments comprising any combination of peptide or non-peptide compounds that are mixed with any thixotrope to form a matrix for in vivo application.

Due to the large quantity of experimentation required to determine how to use the apparatus described to stimulate axon growth, the lack of direction or guidance in the specification regarding same - e.g., the lack of guidance regarding use of components other than C3 combined with the "fibrin sealant" matrix, the lack of working examples to all variants of the claimed components, the state of the art showing the many types of compounds that can cause axon elongation, the unpredictability of function of most injected compounds in terms of causing axon elongation, and the breadth of the claims which embrace innumerable compounds defined only vaguely and only in terms of

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function- undue experimentation would be required of the skilled artisan to make and use the claimed invention in its full scope.

### 35 USC § 112, first paragraph – Written Description.

Claims 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor, at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

Claims 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6 are directed to an axon growth stimulation kit comprising a compartment or compartments for containing components capable of forming a flowable carrier component and a second container for a therapeutically active agent for facilitating axon growth at a site of injury in vivo.

The specification teaches use of C3 and "fibrin sealant" in the axon growth stimulation kit. However, the specification does not teach functional or structural characteristics of the compound or compounds used in the kit. The description of several compounds described only as capable of stimulating axon growth or of forming a flowable matrix is not adequate written description of an entire genus of functionally equivalent compounds that stimulate axon growth or form a flowable matrix.

Vas-Cath Inc. v. Mahurkar, 19USPQ2d 1111, clearly states that "applicant must convey with reasonable clarity to those skilled in the art that, as of the filing date sought, he or she was in possession of the invention. The invention is, for purposes of the 'written description' inquiry, whatever is now claimed" (See page 1117). The specification does

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not "clearly allow persons of ordinary skill in the art to recognize that [he or she] invented what is claimed" (See *Vas-Cath* at page 1116).

With the exception of the C3 and "fibrin sealant" compounds referred to above, the skilled artisan cannot envision the detailed chemical structure of the encompassed compounds, and therefore, would not know how to make or use them. Conception is not achieved until reduction to practice has occurred, regardless of the complexity or simplicity of the method of making or using. Adequate written description requires more than a mere statement that it is part of the invention and reference to a potential method of use. *The product itself is required.* See *Fiers v. Revel*, 25 USPQ2d 1601 at 1606 (CAFC 1993) and *Amgen Inc. v. Chugai Pharmaceutical Co. Ltd.*, 18 USPQ2d 1016.

One cannot describe what one has not conceived. See *Fiddes v. Baird*, 30 USPQ2d 1481 at 1483. In *Fiddes*, claims directed to mammalian FGF's were found to be unpatentable due to lack of written description for that broad class. The specification provided only the bovine sequence.

Therefore, only the apparatus comprising *C3* and "fibrin sealant," but not the full breadth of the claims, meets the written description provision of 35 U.S.C. §112, first paragraph. Applicant is reminded that *Vas-Cath* makes clear that the written description provision of 35 U.S.C. §112 is severable from its enablement provision (see page 1115).

## 35 USC § 112, second paragraph, indefiniteness

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

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Claims 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Regarding claims 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6, the phrase "axon *growth*" renders the claims indefinite because the term "growth" is too vague. "Growth" has been used in the literature to describe increases in volume, height and number and has been applied when referring to cells, tissues and whole organisms. It is suggested that the phrase "axon *growth*" be replaced by a more specific phrase that accurately describes the process of axonal elongation. See MPEP § 2173.05(d).

### 35 USC § 102- Prior Art

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 2 and 4 are rejected under 35 USC 102(b), as being anticipated by Redl, et al (US Patent 4,631,055 23 December 1986). Redl, et al teach a two-compartment apparatus for dispensing a composition for in vivo use. It should be kept in mind that phrases used in the claims of the instant Application, such as: "for containing a therapeutically-acceptable matrix" and "facilitating axon growth at the lesion site" are intended-use phrases and are not given patentable weight in regards to prior inventions.

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The instant Claims makes no mention of properties that distinguish the claimed apparatus from those disclosed in the US Patent 4,631,055 23 (Redl, 1986) such as, for example: exact compositions of injected proteins and the concentrations of the ligand proteins listed in the examples of the instant Specification (e.g., "fibrin sealant" with C3

at 25-50µg/ml).

Conclusion: Claims 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6 are rejected for the reasons listed above.

Advisory Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sandra Wegert whose telephone number is (703) 308-9346. The examiner can normally be reached Monday - Friday from 9:30 AM to 6:00 PM (Eastern Time). If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Gary Kunz, can be reached at (703) 308-4623.

Official papers filed by fax should be directed to (703) 308-4242. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

SLW 10/13/03 Elyabet C. Hemmen

ELIZABETH KEMMERER PRIMARY EXAMINER